STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE INTER-DEPARTMENT COMMUNICATION

DATE:

July 9th, 2019

FROM: Andrew O'Sullivan Wetlands Program Manager

AT (OFFICE):

Department of Transportation

SUBJECT

Dredge & Fill Application

Monroe, 42411

Bureau of Environment

TO

Collis Adams, Wetlands Bureau Administrator Craig Rennie, Inland Wetland Supervisor New Hampshire Wetlands Bureau 29 Hazen Drive, P.O. Box 95 Concord, NH 03302-0095

Forwarded herewith is the application package prepared by NH DOT Bureau of Bridge Maintenance for the subject major impact project. This project is classified as major per Env-Wt 303.02(p). The project is located on NH Route 135 in the Town of Monroe, NH. The proposed work consists of rehabilitating a 17' span concrete slab bridge by extending the bridge abutment and constructing a new wingwall at the outlet to stabilize the structure.

This project was reviewed at the Natural Resource Agency Coordination Meeting on December 19, 2018. A copy of the minutes has been included with this application package. A copy of this application and plans can be accessed on the Departments website via the following link: http://www.nh.gov/dot/org/projectdevelopment/environment/units/program-management/wetland-applications.htm

Mitigation for this project will consist of a single and one time in-lieu fee payment into the ARM fund in the amount of \$12,631.68 for a total of 51 LF of stream channel and bank impacts at the NE quadrant of the bridge.

The lead people to contact for this project are Steve Johnson, Administrator, Bureau of Bridge Maintenance (271-3668 or steve.johnson@dot.nh.gov) or Andrew O'Sullivan, Wetlands Program Manager, Bureau of Environment (271-3226 or Andrew.O'Sullivan@dot.nh.gov).

A payment voucher has been processed for this application (Voucher #575196) in the amount of \$301.40.

If and when this application meets with the approval of the Bureau, please send the permit directly to Andrew O'Sullivan, Wetlands Program Manager, Bureau of Environment.

AMO:sel Enclosures

BOE Original Town of Monroe (4 copies via certified mail) David Trubey, NH Division of Historic Resources (Cultural Review Within)
Connecticut River Riverbend Local Advisory Subcommittee (via certified mail) Carol Henderson, NH Fish & Game (via electronic notification) Maria Tur, US Fish & Wildlife (via electronic notification) Mark Kern, US Environmental Protection Agency (via electronic notification) Michael Hicks, US Army Corp of Engineers (via electronic notification) Kevin Nyhan, BOE (via electronic notification)

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WETLANDS PERMIT APPLICATION

Water Division/ Wetlands Bureau Land Resources Management



Check the status of your application: www.des.nh.gov/onestop

RSA/Rule: RSA 482-A/ Env-Wt 100-900					
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US:				Ammont	
				minte	
1. REVIEW TIME: Indicate your Review Ti	ime below. To determine review ti	me, refer to Guid	ance Document A	for instructions.	
Standard Review (Minimum,	***			w (Minimum Impact only)	
2. MITIGATION REQUIREMENT:					
If mitigation is required, a Mitigation-Pre mitigation is required, please refer to the				mit Application. To determin	ne if
Mitigation Pre-Application Meeting N/A - Mitigation is not required	Date: Month: 12 Day: 19 Year	: <u>2018</u>			
3. PROJECT LOCATION:					
Separate wetland permit applications mu	st be submitted for each municipal	lity within which	wetland impacts o	ccur.	
ADDRESS: NH 135 over Roaring Brook			TOV	WN/CITY: Monroe	
TAX MAP:	BLOCK:	LOT:		UNIT:	
USGS TOPO MAP WATERBODY NAME: Roarin	g Brook	□ NA	STREAM WATERSH	ED SIZE: 4.66 sq. mi.	□ NA
LOCATION COORDINATES (If known): 44`17'2	26.5" 72`2'26.6"		☐ Latitude/Longitude ☐ UTM ☐ State Plane		
project. DO NOT reply "See Attached" in t The proposed work includes the reha include constructing a new wingwall	abilitation of a 17' span concre	te slab bridge o	arrying NH 135 c	over Roaring Brook. The v	work will
5. SHORELINE FRONTAGE:					
☐ N/A This does not have shoreline from	ntage. SHORELINE F	RONTAGE:			
Shoreline Frontage is calculated by determ drawn between the property lines, both o	nining the average of the distances f which are measured at the norma	of the actual nat al high water line	ural navigable sho (Env-Wt 101.89).	reline frontage and a straigh	t line
6. RELATED NHDES LAND RESOURCES M/ Please indicate if any of the following perr To determine if other Land Resources Mar	nit applications are required and, if	f required, the st	atus of the applicat	tion.	
Permit Type	Permit Required	File Numbe	r Permit Ap	plication Status	
Alteration of Terrain Permit Per RSA 485-A Individual Sewerage Disposal per RSA 485-			APPRO		
Subdivision Approval Per RSA 485-A	YES NO				- 1
Shoreland Permit Per RSA 483-B	☐ YES 🖾 NO		APPRO		I
7. NATURAL HERITAGE BUREAU & DESIGN See the Instructions & Required Attachme		omplete a & b be	low.		
a. Natural Heritage Bureau File ID: NHB	<u>18</u> - <u>3758 .</u>				
b. This project is within a <u>Designated</u> date a copy of the application was				; and Day: Year:;	J
N/A – This project is not within a D					

8. APPLICANT INFORMATION (Desired permit holder)								
LAST NAME, FIRST NAME, M.I.: NH Dept. of Transportation								
TRUST / COMPANY NAME: NH Dept. of Transportation MAILING ADDRESS: PO Box 483								
TOWN/CITY: Concord				STATE: NH		ZIP CODE: 03302		
EMAIL or FAX: Steve.Johnson@dot.nh.gov		PHONE:	27 1-3667					
ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION: By initialing here: 5 4 I hereb	y authorize NHDE	S to commun	icate all matte	rs relative to t	this applica	ation electronically.		
9. PROPERTY OWNER INFORMATION (If different than applicant)								
LAST NAME, FIRST NAME, M.I.: NH Dept. of Transportation					-			
TRUST / COMPANY NAME:NH Dept. of Transportation	r	MAILING ADD	RESS: PO Bo	x 483				
TOWN/CITY: Concord				STATE: NH		ZIP CODE: 03302		
EMAIL or FAX: Sarah. Large@dot.nh.gov			PHONE: 271	-3226				
ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION: By initialing here, I hereby	authorize NHDES	to communi	cate all matter	s relative to th	nis applica	tion electronically.		
10. AUTHORIZED AGENT INFORMATION								
LAST NAME, FIRST NAME, M.I.:			COMPANY NA	ME:				
MAILING ADDRESS:		···						
TOWN/CITY:				STATE:		ZIP CODE:		
EMAIL or FAX:		PHONE:						
ELECTRONIC COMMUNICATION: By initialing here, I hereby	authorize NHDES	to communi	cate all matters	relative to th	is applicat	ion electronically.		
11. PROPERTY OWNER SIGNATURE:								
See the <u>Instructions & Required Attachments</u> document for cla	arification of the	below stat	ements					
By signing the application, I am certifying that:								
 I authorize the applicant and/or agent indicated on this request, supplemental information in support of this per 	form to act in r	ny behalf in	the processi	ng of this ap	plication,	and to furnish upon		
I have reviewed and submitted information & attachments			ions and Reg	uired Attach	ment do	cument.		
3. All abutters have been identified in accordance with RS.								
4. I have read and provided the required information outli				project type	.			
I have read and understand Env-Wt 302.03 and have chAny structure that I am proposing to repair/replace was				landa Dunas		lal la a a constal a const		
grandfathered per Env-Wt 101.47.	s either previous	siy permitte	u by the wet	ianus bureai	u or woul	a be considered		
7. I have submitted a Request for Project Review (RPR) Form (www.nh.gov/nhdhr/review) to the NH State Historic Preservation Officer (SHPO) at the NH Division of Historical Resources to identify the presence of historical/ archeological resources while coordinating with the lead federal								
agency for National Historic Preservation Act (NHPA) 106 compliance.								
8. I authorize NHDES and the municipal conservation commission to inspect the site of the proposed project.								
9. I have reviewed the information being submitted and the								
 I understand that the willful submission of falsified or misrepresented information to the NHDES is a criminal act, which may result in legal action. 								
11. I am aware that the work I am proposing may require additional state, local or federal permits which I am responsible for obtaining.								
12. The mailing addresses I have provided are up to date and appropriate for receipt of NHDES correspondence. NHDES will not forward returned								
Stive wohn	Steve W. Joh	nson			1/3	12019		
Property Owner Signature	Print name legib	ly			Date			

MUNICIPAL SIGNATURES

12. CONSERVATION COMMISSION SIGNATURE

The signature below certifies that the municipal conservation commission has reviewed this application, and:

- 1. Waives its right to intervene per RSA 482-A:11;
- 2. Believes that the application and submitted plans accurately represent the proposed project; and
- 3. Has no objection to permitting the proposed work.

Print name legibly

Date

DIRECTIONS FOR CONSERVATION COMMISSION

- 1. Expedited review ONLY requires that the conservation commission's signature is obtained in the space above.
- 2. Expedited review requires the Conservation Commission signature be obtained **prior** to the submittal of the original application to the Town/City Clerk for signature.
- 3. The Conservation Commission may refuse to sign. If the Conservation Commission does not sign this statement for any reason, the application is not eligible for expedited review and the application will be reviewed in the standard review time frame.

13. TOWN / CITY CLERK SIGNATURE

As required by Chapter 482-A:3 (amended 2014), I hereby certify that the applicant has filed four application forms, four detailed plans, and four USGS location maps with the town/city indicated below.



Print name legibly

Town/City

Date

DIRECTIONS FOR TOWN/CITY CLERK:

Per RSA 482-A:3,I

- 1. For applications where "Expedited Review" is checked on page 1, if the Conservation Commission signature is not present, NHDES will accept the permit application, but it will NOT receive the expedited review time.
- 2. IMMEDIATELY sign the original application form and four copies in the signature space provided above;
- 3. Return the signed original application form and attachments to the applicant so that the applicant may submit the application form and attachments to NHDES by mail or hand delivery.
- 4. IMMEDIATELY distribute a copy of the application with one complete set of attachments to each of the following bodies: the municipal Conservation Commission, the local governing body (Board of Selectmen or Town/City Council), and the Planning Board; and
- 5. Retain one copy of the application form and one complete set of attachments and make them reasonably accessible for public review.

DIRECTIONS FOR APPLICANT:

1. Submit the single, original permit application form bearing the signature of the Town/ City Clerk, additional materials, and the application fee to NHDES by mail or hand delivery.

14. IMPACT AREA:

For each jurisdictional area that will be/has been impacted, provide square feet and, if applicable, linear feet of impact.

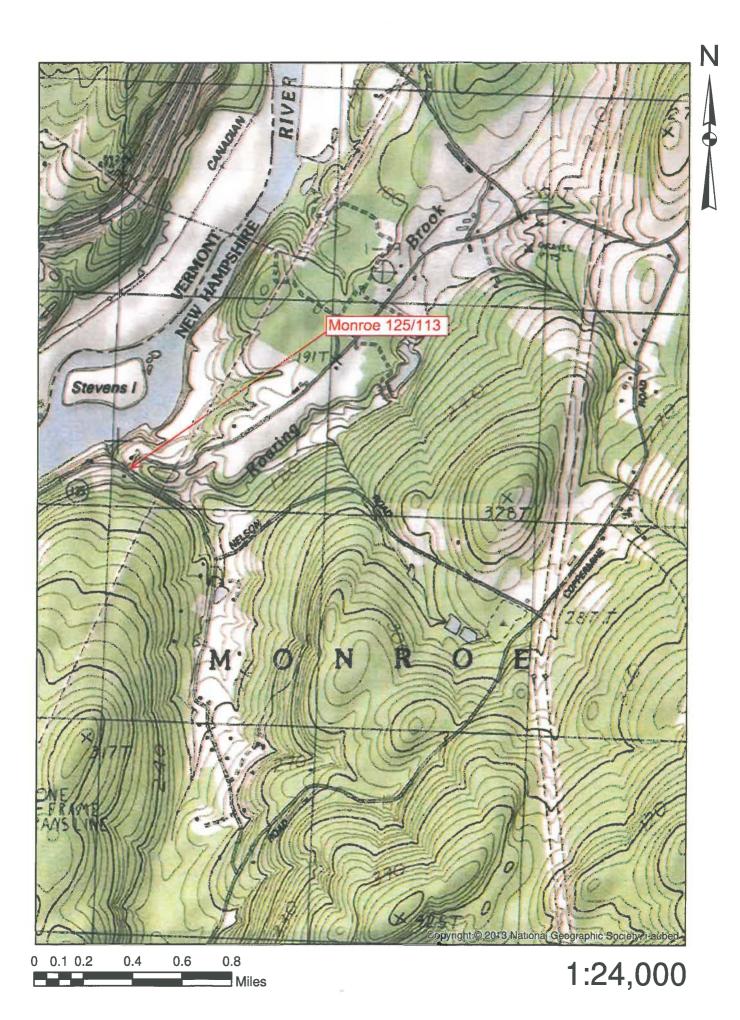
<u>Permanent</u>: impacts that will remain after the project is complete.

Temporary: impacts not intended to remain (and will be restored to pre-construction conditions) after the project is completed.

Intermittent Streams: linear footage distance of disturbance is measured along the thread of the channel.

<u>Perennial Streams/ Rivers</u>: the total linear footage distance is calculated by summing the lengths of disturbance to the channel and each bank.

JURISDICTIONAL AREA	PERMANENT		TEMPORARY	
Forested wetland	Sq. Ft. / Lin. Ft.		Sq. Ft. / Lin. Ft.	
		☐ ATF		ATF
Scrub-shrub wetland		ATF		L ATF
Emergent wetland		☐ ATF		ATF
Wet meadow		L ATF		ATF
Intermittent stream channel	. /	☐ ATF	/	ATF
Perennial Stream / River channel	49 / 27	ATF	844 / 62	ATF
Lake / Pond	1	ATF	/	ATF
Bank - Intermittent stream	/	ATF		ATF
Bank - Perennial stream / River	352 / 24	ATF	262 / 31	ATF
Bank - Lake / Pond	/	ATF	/	ATF
Tidal water	1	ATF	/	ATF
Salt marsh		☐ ATF		ATF
Sand dune		ATF		ATF
Prime wetland		ATF		ATF
Prime wetland buffer		ATF		ATF
Undeveloped Tidal Buffer Zone (TBZ)	·	ATF		ATF
Previously-developed upland in TBZ		ATF		ATF
Docking - Lake / Pond		ATF		ATF
Docking - River		☐ ATF		ATF
Docking - Tidal Water		ATF		ATF
Vernal Pool		☐ ATF		ATF
TOTAL	401 / 51		1106 / 93	
15. APPLICATION FEE: See the Instruct	tions & Required Attachments docume	ent for further instru	action	
Minimum Impact Fee: Flat fee of	\$ 200			
Minor or Major Impact Fee: Calcu	late using the below table below			
Permar	nent and Temporary (non-docking)	1507 sq. ft	. X \$0.20 = \$ 301.40	
Tempo	. X \$1.00 = \$			
	. X \$2.00 = \$			
	ocks) add \$200 =\$			
			Total = \$ 301.40	
The A	Application Fee is the above calculated	d Total or \$200, whic	hever is greater = \$301.40	



NHDES-W-06-013



WETLANDS PERMIT APPLICATION – ATTACHMENT A MINOR AND MAJOR - 20 QUESTIONS

Land Resources Management Wetlands Bureau

Check the Status of your application: www.des.nh.gov/onestop



RSA/ Rule: RSA 482-A, Env-Wt 100-900

1. The need for the proposed impact.

along the NE quadrant, as well as re-installing riprap along the NE bank.

Env-Wt 302.04 Requirements for Application Evaluation - For any major or minor project, the applicant shall demonstrate by plan
and example that the following factors have been considered in the project's design in assessing the impact of the proposed project
to areas and environments under the department's jurisdiction. Respond with statements demonstrating:

The existing bridge carrying NH 135 over Roaring Brook has been experiencing erosion along the northeast bank of the river. The current condition of the bank needs to be stabilized to keep the bridge safe. It is necessary to impact jurisdictional areas in order to make the repairs. The impacts are for the temporary construction areas, extending the abutment and constructing a new wingwall

2. That the alternative proposed by the applicant is the one with the least impact to wetlands or surface waters on site.

The alternatives considered are as follows:

Replace the structure with a new structure in compliance with the NH Stream Crossing Guidelines: According to the NH Stream Crossing Guidelines, if a new structure were to be constructed at this location it would require a span of 34'-0. A structure of this size would cost approximately \$700,000. Spending this much money on a structure that could be adequately preserved for approximately \$150,000 would not be a practicable use of resources.

Install concrete wingwall and place riprap: This is the preferred alternative because it is the most effective way to repair and provide the necessary erosion protection this bridge needs. The project as proposed has an estimated cost of \$150,000. This is the most cost-effective solution and meets the stream crossing rules to the maximum extent practicable.

In the December 2018 Natural resource Agency Coordination Meeting no concerns with opting to do this alternative were raised. The resource agencies require mitigation with respect to the construction of the wingwall within the wetland areas.

3. The type and classification of the wetlands involved.
R2RB1: Riverine, lower perennial, rock bottom, bedrock
Bank
4. The relationship of the proposed wetlands to be impacted relative to nearby wetlands and surface waters.
Roaring Brook flows into the Connecticut River shortly after the NH 135 crossing.
5. The rarity of the wetland, surface water, sand dunes, or tidal buffer zone area.
Roaring Brook has not been identified as a rare surface water.
6. The surface area of the wetlands that will be impacted.
893 sq. ft. Riverine (49 sq. ft. permanent, 844 sq. ft. temporary)
614 sq. ft. Bank (352 sq. ft. permanent, 262 sq. ft. temporary)

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/.	The impact on plants, fish and wildlife including, but not limited to:
	a. Rare, special concern species;
	b. State and federally listed threatened and endangered species;
	c. Species at the extremities of their ranges;
	d. Migratory fish and wildlife;
	e. Exemplary natural communities identified by the DRED-NHB; and
	f. Vernal pools.
a) ⁻	the Natural Heritage Bureau (NHB) did not have any record of species of special concern close to the project limits.
spe de de the sul	The US Fish and Wildlife Services (USFWS) IPaC tool identified the Northern Long-eared Bat (NLEB), a federally listed threatened ecies, as a species that may be present within the bounds of the project area. A streamlined 4(d) Rule consultation and stermination key was completed and submitted to the USFWS New England Field Office to notify the USFWS of the project and scribe the activities that are accepted from incidental take prohibitions. The streamlined 4(d) Rule consultation indicated that e project adheres to the conditions of the NLEB 4(d) Rule and the project's Section 7 consultation requirements are satisfied by bmission of the form in accordance with the January 5, 2016, Programmatic Biological Opinion (BO) on the final 4(d) rule for the IEB. The project would not result in any prohibited take of NLEB.
c) 1	There are no species known to be at the extremeties of their ranges located in the project area.
d) i	Migratory fish and wildlife will not be affected by this project.
e)	The Department has coordinated with DRED and results of the NHB review revealed there was no record.
f) T	There were no vernal pools identified and/or delineated in the project area.
8.	The impact of the proposed project on public commerce, navigation and recreation.
con	ring construction all lanes of traffic will be maintained at all times. Roaring Brook is a non-navigable water which makes it non-nducive to boaters. There are no recreational areas that have been identified in this area except for the possibility for fishing. ring construction, fishing activities from the banks of the brook will need to occur outside of the construction work zone. When astruction is completed the project as proposed will be a benefit to the public commerce as it will provide a long lasting struture
con	oporting the traveling public.
sup	The extent to which a project interferes with the aesthetic interests of the general public. For example, where an applicant proposes the construction of a retaining wall on the bank of a lake, the applicant shall be required to indicate the type of material to be used and the effect of the construction of the wall on the view of other users of the lake.
Sup	The extent to which a project interferes with the aesthetic interests of the general public. For example, where an applicant proposes the construction of a retaining wall on the bank of a lake, the applicant shall be required to indicate the type of material
consup	The extent to which a project interferes with the aesthetic interests of the general public. For example, where an applicant proposes the construction of a retaining wall on the bank of a lake, the applicant shall be required to indicate the type of material to be used and the effect of the construction of the wall on the view of other users of the lake.

10. The extent to which a project interferes with or obstructs public rights of passage or access. For example, where the applicant proposes to construct a dock in a narrow channel, the applicant shall be required to document the extent to which the dock would block or interfere with the passage through this area.
The project will not interfere with or obstruct public rights of passage or access. During construction, traffic will be maintained at all times.
11. The impact upon abutting owners pursuant to RSA 482-A:11, II. For example, if an applicant is proposing to rip-rap a stream, the applicant shall be required to document the effect of such work on upstream and downstream abutting properties.
The project is expected to have a positive impact on abutting properties. The rehabilitated structure will better serve the abutting properties if they need to travel on the road.
The project as proposed including the installation of riprap and wingwall construction will not alter the chance of flooding on the abutting properties.
\dot{v}
12. The benefit of a project to the health, safety, and well being of the general public.
This project will provide a safer, longer lasting structure and roadway. If the structure is not rehabilitated, the bridge will eventually be load posted or closed. Keeping the roadway open benefits commerce, trade, emergency access, etc., for the general public.

13. The impact of a proposed project on quantity or quality of surface and groundwater. For example, where an applicant proposes to fill wetlands the applicant shall be required to document the impact of the proposed fill on the amount of drainage entering the site versus the amount of drainage exiting the site and the difference in the quality of water entering and exiting the site.
The surface water currently runs off the road and over natural vegetation before entering the brook. Upon completion of the project, surface water will drain in the same manner. This will have no adverse effects on the quality or quantity of surface and groundwater. Best Management Practices will be used to prevent any adverse effect to water quality during construction.
14. The notice of a versual animate and animate animate and animate animate and animate animate and animate an
14. The potential of a proposed project to cause or increase flooding, erosion, or sedimentation.
Flooding: The bridge is not located within a mapped flood plain and the proposed work will not increase upstream or donwstream flood levels.
Erosion: Placing riprap and adding a new wingwall is intended to prevent any further erosion. The intent of this project is to stabilize the structure's bank.
Sedimentation: The proposed project will not be a barrier to sediment transport nor change the brook's natural sedimentation characteristics.
15. The extent to which a project that is located in surface waters reflects or redirects current or wave energy which might cause
damage or hazards.
Surface water will not be reflected or redirected as a result of this project. Roaring Brook does not have enough water for wave energy to be an issue.

16.	The cumulative impact that would result if all parties owning or abutting a portion of the affected wetland or wetland complex were also permitted alterations to the wetland proportional to the extent of their property rights. For example, an applicant who owns only a portion of a wetland shall document the applicant's percentage of ownership of that wetland and the percentage of that ownership that would be impacted.
The tha	e work consists of the repair of an existing bridge structure. There are no similar structures in the vicinity owned by other parties at would require repair.
17.	The impact of the proposed project on the values and functions of the total wetland or wetland complex.
The con	project has minimized overall impacts and will not impact the values and functions of Roaring Brook. Roaring Brook will tinue to convey water from higher elevation to lower elevation and provide habitat to aquatic and terrestrial organisms.

18. The impact upon the value of the sites included in the latest published edition of the N sites eligible for such publication.	ational Register of N atural Landmarks, or
The project is not located in or near any Natural Landmarks listed on the National Register	•
N N	
19. The impact upon the value of areas named in acts of Congress or presidential proclamati areas, national lakeshores, and such areas as may be established under federal, state, or purposes such as estuarine and marine sanctuaries.	ons as national rivers, national wilderness municipal laws for similar and related
The proposed project is not within any areas named in acts of Congress or presidential pro-	clamations.
	*
20. The degree to which a project redirects water from one watershed to another.	
The project as proposed will not redirect water from one watershed to another.	

Additional comments		****		 	
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NOTES ON CONFERENCE:

Finalize November 21, 2018 meeting minutes.

Matt Urban indicated that comments and edits regarding the November 21st Natural Resource Agency meeting minutes had come in from several people* and that he would like to finalize the minutes with those edits incorporated into them. The group agreed. The minutes were finalized and posted subsequent to the meeting.

*Gino Infascelli, Amy Lamb, Carol Henderson, Jon Hebert, John Magee, Chris Carucci, Pete Walker, Wendy Johnson, and Lori Sommer all commented on the minutes.

Monroe, #42411

Doug Locker provided an overview of the project. The project is the rehabilitation of an existing bridge, Monroe 125/113, carrying NH 135 over Roaring Brook. The existing bridge is an existing concrete slab with a 17' span and was constructed in 1933 and rebuilt in 1980. The drainage basin at this location was stated to be 4.66 square miles, and the NHB report was cited as having no record. It was also noted the site had knotweed present, but we would not be impacting that area. It was presented that the proposed work would include stabilizing the northeast bank by adding riprap and constructing a new wingwall. Photos were shown of the site and structure including images that showed how the existing structure had experienced scour and erosion.

Mike Hicks asked if there would be any tree clearing for this project, and Doug Locker said there was no need. Mike also asked if a cultural review would be done. Matt Urban said the cultural review would be completed by Bureau of Environment.

It was agreed that there was a need for mitigation for this project with regards to the length of the new wing along both the channel and the bank on the northeast quadrant.

This project has not been previously discussed at a Monthly Natural Resource Agency Coordination Meeting.

Dixville, #42398

Doug Locker provided an overview of the project. The project is the rehabilitation of the bridge, Dixville 206/101 carrying NH 26 over Flume Brook. This bridge is a concrete arch that spans 15' and has a drainage basin of 10.32 sq. miles. The NHB was cited as having a record but not expected to be impacted. The proposed work was stated to be repair to the wingwalls and centerline joint requiring temporary impacts, riprap needed to stabilize the southern bank, and a toe wall to prevent further undermining of the southern abutment.

Mike Hicks advised that the bridge should be cleared through historic review. The cultural resources program in the Bureau of Environment will review the project. M. Hicks asked if any trees will be cleared. D. Locker advised that no trees would be cleared.

Bridge 206/101 is the northern of the two crossings under NH Route 26 on the topographic map presented.

The bridge database had listed the bridge as crossing Clear Stream which is essential fish habitat, however through further review it was determined that the bridge crosses Flume Brook. This correction was mentioned by Gino Infascelli in the meeting and later confirmed by Sarah Large. M. Hicks indicated that if the stream is actually Flume Brook an EFH assessment would not be needed since Flume Brook is not listed as EFH.

Mitigation Narrative

The proposed work permanently impacts 27 LF of channel and 24 LF of bank of right for the extension and installation of a new concrete wingwall at the outlet river right side. At the December 19, 2018 Natural Resource Agency meeting mitigation was discussed and it was agreed that the length of new wing along both the channel and bank on the northeast quadrant would need to be mitigated for. The Department proposes to pay a onetime in-lieu fee payment of \$12, 631.68 to the DES Aquatic Restoration Mitigation (ARM) fund.

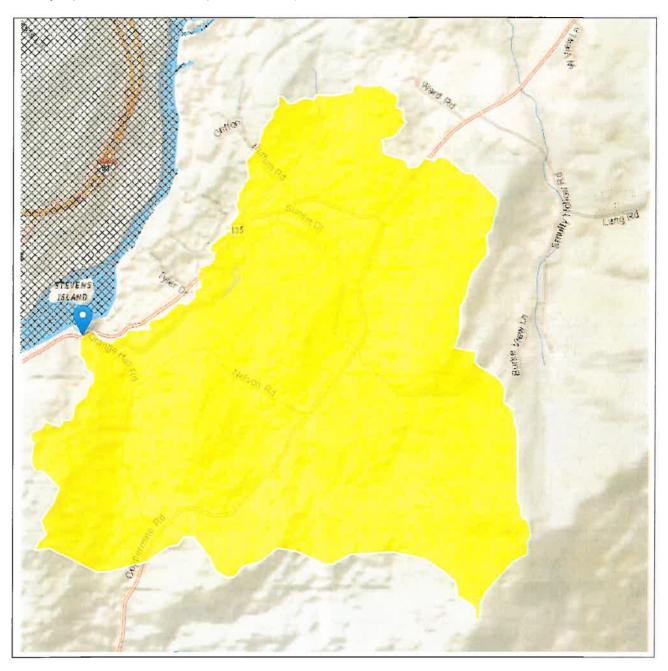
	AQUATIC RESOURCE MITIO	
INSERT LINEAR FEET OF IMPACT on BOTH BANKS AND		
CHANNEL	Right Bank	24.00
	Left Bank	
	Channel	27.0000
	TOTAL IMPACT	51.0000
	Stream Impact Cost:	\$10,526.40
	NHDES Administrative cost:	
		\$2,105.28
*****	TOTAL ARM FUND STREAM PA	
	TO THE PROPERTY OF THE PARTY OF	\$12,631.6

Hydraulic Data

Drainage Area – 4.66 square miles

Flow - Q 100 = 615 cfs

The proposed structure will pass the 100 year flood.



Watershed Boundaries Map

NH Department of Transportation Bureau of Bridge Maintenance Project, #42411 Env-Wt 904.09 Alternative Design TECHNICAL REPORT

Env-Wt 904.09(a) - If the applicant believes that installing the structure specified in the applicable rule is not practicable, the applicant may propose an alternative design in accordance with this section.

Please explain why the structure specified in the applicable rule is not practicable (Env-Wt 101.69 defines practicable as available and capable of being done after taking into consideration costs, existing technology, and logistics in light of overall project purposes.)

Roaring Brook has a drainage area of 4.66 square miles which qualifies this stream as a Tier 3 crossing. The required span for a compliant crossing in accordance with the NH Stream Crossing Guidelines and based on the regional hydraulic curve calculation would be 34'. A structure of this size would cost approximately \$700,000. Spending this much money on a structure that could be adequately preserved for approximately \$150,000 would not be a practicable use of resources.

The proposed alternative meets the specific design criteria for Tier 2 and Tier 3 crossings to the maximum extent practicable, as specified below.

Env-Wt 904.05 Design Criteria for Tier 2 and Tier 3 Stream Crossings – New Tier 2 stream crossings, replacement Tier 2 crossings that do not meet the requirements of Env-Wt 904.07, and new and replacement Tier 3 crossings shall be designed and constructed:

(a) In accordance with the NH Stream Crossing Guidelines.

The proposed improvements have been developed in accordance with the NH Stream Crossing Guidelines. The Department has considered numerous design alternatives based on general considerations that take the geomorphic conditions of the stream into account as it relates to the structure. The Department has collected data in the field and in the office to aid in the design of the proposed crossing. Using information that was available the Department has determined that a full bridge replacement would not be practicable. As such, the Department proposed an alternative design that meets the intent of the stream crossing guidelines to maximum extent practicable.

(b) With bed forms and streambed characteristics necessary to cause water depths and velocities within

(b) With bed forms and streambed characteristics necessary to cause water depths and velocities within the crossing structure at a variety of flows to be comparable to those found in the natural channel upstream and downstream of the stream crossing.

The proposed project will not significantly change the existing waterway opening and structure alignment, and therefore, it will not change the depths or velocities at the crossing. The proposed alternative, although not an upgrade, does not diminish the existing conditions at the crossing.

(c) To provide a vegetated bank on both sides of the watercourse to allow for wildlife passage.

The existing structure does not have banks through the bridge, nor will it after the repair. The banks abutting both sides of Roaring Brook are currently vegetated. It is not possible to vegetate with shrubs/woody vegetation on the banks immediately in front of critical sections of infrastructure, such as wing walls because over time as large vegetation grows in and around riprap their roots and the possibility of treefalls can threaten the integrity of the riprap.

(d) To preserve the natural alignment and gradient of the stream channel, so as to accommodate natural flow regimes and the functioning of the natural floodplain.

The natural alignment and gradient of the stream channel will not be changed as a result of this project.

(e) To accommodate the 100-year frequency flood, to ensure that (1) there is no increase in flood stages on abutting properties; and (2) flow and sediment transport characteristics will not be affected in a manner which could adversely affect channel stability.

The project as proposed will not alter the chance of flooding on abutting properties. The existing and proposed repair to the structure will continue to pass the 100 year flood flow. Sediment transport characteristics will not change as a result of the repairs.

(f) To simulate a natural stream channel.

The majority of the stream channel under the structure is currently a natural bottom. The riprap added here is only to improve upon the armoring of the substructure and will not be placed throughout the entire width of the channel through the structure.

(g) So as not to alter sediment transport competence.

Sediment transport competence will not be changed as a result of this project.

Env-Wt 904.09(c)(3) — The alternative design must meet the general design criteria specified in Env-Wt 904.01:

Env-Wt 904.01

(a) Not be a barrier to sediment transport;

Nothing that will be a barrier to sediment transport will be installed in this project.

(b) Prevent the restriction of high flows and maintain existing low flows:

High flows will not be restricted and low flows will be maintained as a result of this project. The project as proposed will not have any effect on the structures ability to pass the 100 year storm event.

(c) Not obstruct or otherwise substantially disrupt the movement of aquatic life indigenous to the waterbody beyond the actual duration of construction;

The movement of aquatic life indigenous to the water body will not change as a result of this project.

(d) Not cause an increase in the frequency of flooding or overtopping of banks;

The project as proposed will have no effect on the hydraulic capacity of the structure. High flows will not be restricted. The frequency of flooding or water overtopping the roadway or banks at the structure will not change due to the proposed work.

(e) Preserve watercourse connectivity where it currently exists;

Connectivity will not be changed as a result of this project.

(f) Restore watercourse connectivity where: (1) Connectivity previously was disrupted as a result of human activity(ies); and (2) Restoration of connectivity will benefit aquatic life upstream or downstream of the crossing, or both;

The watercourse is currently connected and the proposed work will not change this as a result of this project. Aquatic life passage upstream or downstream of the crossing will not be affected as a result of this project.

(g) Not cause erosion, aggradation, or scouring upstream or downstream of the crossing; and

The project will not cause erosion, aggradation, or scouring upstream or downstream of the crossing. The placed riprap is intended to prevent scour along banks of the water body and at the wingwall to prevent excessive sediment transport and erosion in the future.

(h) Not cause water quality degradation.

The project as proposed will not impact the quantity or quality of surface and/or groundwater at this site. Storm water and surface water runoff will continue to sheet flow to the water body off the road and banks the way it does currently. Best Management Practices will be used to prevent any adverse effect to the water quality during construction.

***Note: An alternative design for <u>Tier 1</u> stream crossings must meet the general design criteria (Env-Wt 904.01) only to the *maximum extent practicable*.

To:

Douglas Locker

7 Hazen Drive

Concord, NH 03302

Re:

From: NH Natural Heritage Bureau

Leview b)

Review by NH Natural Heritage Bureau of request dated 12/7/2018

NHB File ID: NHB18-3758

Applicant: Steve Johnson

Date: 12/7/2018

Location:

Tax Map(s)/Lot(s):

Monroe

Project Description:

This project is the rehabilitation of the bridge carrying NH

135 over Roaring Brook. This work will include

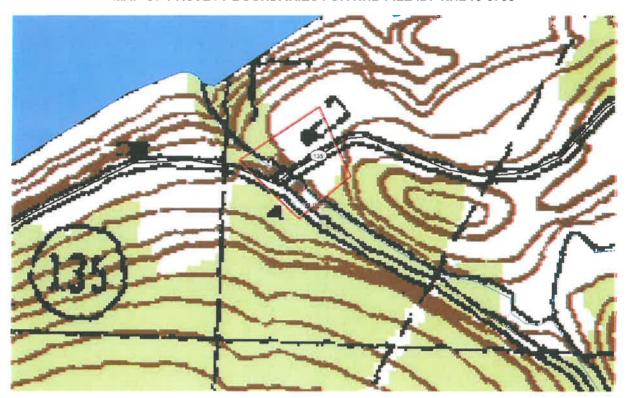
reconstructing a wingwall.

The NH Natural Heritage database has been checked for records of rare species and exemplary natural communities near the area mapped below. The species considered include those listed as Threatened or Endangered by either the state of New Hampshire or the federal government. We currently have no recorded occurrences for sensitive species near this project area.

A negative result (no record in our database) does not mean that a sensitive species is not present. Our data can only tell you of known occurrences, based on information gathered by qualified biologists and reported to our office. However, many areas have never been surveyed, or have only been surveyed for certain species. An on-site survey would provide better information on what species and communities are indeed present.

This report is valid through 12/6/2019.

MAP OF PROJECT BOUNDARIES FOR NHB FILE ID: NHB18-3758





United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

New England Ecological Services Field Office 70 Commercial Street, Suite 300 Concord, NH 03301-5094 Phone: (603) 223-2541 Fax: (603) 223-0104

http://www.fws.gov/newengland



July 02, 2019

In Reply Refer To:

Consultation Code: 05E1NE00-2019-SLI-2174

Event Code: 05E1NE00-2019-E-05486 Project Name: Monroe 42411 (Br. 125/113)

Subject: List of threatened and endangered species that may occur in your proposed project

location, and/or may be affected by your proposed project

To Whom It May Concern:

The enclosed species list identifies threatened, endangered, proposed and candidate species, as well as proposed and final designated critical habitat, that may occur within the boundary of your proposed project and/or may be affected by your proposed project. The species list fulfills the requirements of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) under section 7(c) of the Endangered Species Act (Act) of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 *et seq.*).

New information based on updated surveys, changes in the abundance and distribution of species, changed habitat conditions, or other factors could change this list. Please feel free to contact us if you need more current information or assistance regarding the potential impacts to federally proposed, listed, and candidate species and federally designated and proposed critical habitat. Please note that under 50 CFR 402.12(e) of the regulations implementing section 7 of the Act, the accuracy of this species list should be verified after 90 days. This verification can be completed formally or informally as desired. The Service recommends that verification be completed by visiting the ECOS-IPaC website at regular intervals during project planning and implementation for updates to species lists and information. An updated list may be requested through the ECOS-IPaC system by completing the same process used to receive the enclosed list.

The purpose of the Act is to provide a means whereby threatened and endangered species and the ecosystems upon which they depend may be conserved. Under sections 7(a)(1) and 7(a)(2) of the Act and its implementing regulations (50 CFR 402 et seq.), Federal agencies are required to utilize their authorities to carry out programs for the conservation of threatened and endangered species and to determine whether projects may affect threatened and endangered species and/or designated critical habitat.

A Biological Assessment is required for construction projects (or other undertakings having similar physical impacts) that are major Federal actions significantly affecting the quality of the human environment as defined in the National Environmental Policy Act (42 U.S.C. 4332(2) (c)). For projects other than major construction activities, the Service suggests that a biological evaluation similar to a Biological Assessment be prepared to determine whether the project may affect listed or proposed species and/or designated or proposed critical habitat. Recommended contents of a Biological Assessment are described at 50 CFR 402.12.

If a Federal agency determines, based on the Biological Assessment or biological evaluation, that listed species and/or designated critical habitat may be affected by the proposed project, the agency is required to consult with the Service pursuant to 50 CFR 402. In addition, the Service recommends that candidate species, proposed species and proposed critical habitat be addressed within the consultation. More information on the regulations and procedures for section 7 consultation, including the role of permit or license applicants, can be found in the "Endangered Species Consultation Handbook" at:

http://www.fws.gov/endangered/esa-library/pdf/TOC-GLOS.PDF

Please be aware that bald and golden eagles are protected under the Bald and Golden Eagle Protection Act (16 U.S.C. 668 et seq.), and projects affecting these species may require development of an eagle conservation plan (http://www.fws.gov/windenergy/eagle_guidance.html). Additionally, wind energy projects should follow the wind energy guidelines (http://www.fws.gov/windenergy/) for minimizing impacts to migratory birds and bats.

Guidance for minimizing impacts to migratory birds for projects including communications towers (e.g., cellular, digital television, radio, and emergency broadcast) can be found at: http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Hazards/towers/towers.htm; http://www.towerkill.com; and http://www.fws.gov/migratorybirds/CurrentBirdIssues/Hazards/towers/comtow.html.

We appreciate your concern for threatened and endangered species. The Service encourages Federal agencies to include conservation of threatened and endangered species into their project planning to further the purposes of the Act. Please include the Consultation Tracking Number in the header of this letter with any request for consultation or correspondence about your project that you submit to our office.

Attachment(s):

Official Species List

Official Species List

This list is provided pursuant to Section 7 of the Endangered Species Act, and fulfills the requirement for Federal agencies to "request of the Secretary of the Interior information whether any species which is listed or proposed to be listed may be present in the area of a proposed action".

This species list is provided by:

New England Ecological Services Field Office 70 Commercial Street, Suite 300 Concord, NH 03301-5094 (603) 223-2541

Project Summary

Consultation Code: 05E1NE00-2019-SLI-2174

Event Code: 05E1NE00-2019-E-05486

Project Name: Monroe 42411 (Br. 125/113)

Project Type: TRANSPORTATION

Project Description: The proposed work includes the rehabilitation of a 17' span concrete slab

bridge carrying NH 135 over Roaring Brook. The work will include

constructing a new wingwall to stabilize the structure.

Project Location:

Approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: https://www.google.com/maps/place/44.29017781162783N72.04071970390186W



Counties: Grafton, NH

Endangered Species Act Species

There is a total of 1 threatened, endangered, or candidate species on this species list.

Species on this list should be considered in an effects analysis for your project and could include species that exist in another geographic area. For example, certain fish may appear on the species list because a project could affect downstream species.

IPaC does not display listed species or critical habitats under the sole jurisdiction of NOAA Fisheries¹, as USFWS does not have the authority to speak on behalf of NOAA and the Department of Commerce.

See the "Critical habitats" section below for those critical habitats that lie wholly or partially within your project area under this office's jurisdiction. Please contact the designated FWS office if you have questions.

1. <u>NOAA Fisheries</u>, also known as the National Marine Fisheries Service (NMFS), is an office of the National Oceanic and Atmospheric Administration within the Department of Commerce.

Mammals

NAME

STATUS

Northern Long-eared Bat *Myotis septentrionalis*No critical habitat has been designated for this species.
Species profile: https://ecos.fws.gov/ecp/species/9045

Threatened

Critical habitats

THERE ARE NO CRITICAL HABITATS WITHIN YOUR PROJECT AREA UNDER THIS OFFICE'S JURISDICTION.



United States Department of the Interior

FISH AND WILDLIFE SERVICE

New England Ecological Services Field Office 70 Commercial Street, Suite 300 Concord, NH 03301-5094

Phone: (603) 223-2541 Fax: (603) 223-0104 http://www.fws.gov/newengland



IPaC Record Locator: 322-17285435

July 02, 2019

Subject: Consistency letter for the 'Monroe 42411 (Br. 125/113)' project indicating that any take of the northern long-eared bat that may occur as a result of the Action is not prohibited under the ESA Section 4(d) rule adopted for this species at 50 CFR §17.40(o).

Dear Sarah Large:

The U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) received on July 02, 2019 your effects determination for the 'Monroe 42411 (Br. 125/113)' (the Action) using the northern long-eared bat (Myotis septentrionalis) key within the Information for Planning and Consultation (IPaC) system. You indicated that no Federal agencies are involved in funding or authorizing this Action. This IPaC key assists users in determining whether a non-Federal action may cause "take" of the northern long-eared bat that is prohibited under the Endangered Species Act of 1973 (ESA) (87 Stat.884, as amended; 16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.).

Based upon your IPaC submission, any take of the northern long-eared bat that may occur as a result of the Action is not prohibited under the ESA Section 4(d) rule adopted for this species at 50 CFR §17.40(o). Unless the Service advises you within 30 days of the date of this letter that your IPaC-assisted determination was incorrect, this letter verifies that the Action is not likely to result in unauthorized take of the northern long-eared bat.

Please report to our office any changes to the information about the Action that you entered into IPaC, the results of any bat surveys conducted in the Action area, and any dead, injured, or sick northern long-eared bats that are found during Action implementation.

If your Action proceeds as described and no additional information about the Action's effects on species protected under the ESA becomes available, no further coordination with the Service is required with respect to the northern long-eared bat.

[1] Take means to harass, harm, pursue, hunt, shoot, wound, kill, trap, capture, or collect, or to attempt to engage in any such conduct [ESA Section 3(19)].

Action Description

You provided to IPaC the following name and description for the subject Action.

1. Name

Monroe 42411 (Br. 125/113)

2. Description

The following description was provided for the project 'Monroe 42411 (Br. 125/113)':

The proposed work includes the rehabilitation of a 17' span concrete slab bridge carrying NH 135 over Roaring Brook. The work will include constructing a new wingwall to stabilize the structure.

Approximate location of the project can be viewed in Google Maps: https://www.google.com/maps/place/44.29017781162783N72.04071970390186W



Determination Key Result

This non-Federal Action may affect the northern long-eared bat; however, any take of this species that may occur incidental to this Action is not prohibited under the final 4(d) rule at 50 CFR §17.40(o).

Determination Key Description: Northern Long-eared Bat 4(d) Rule
This key was last updated in IPaC on May 15, 2017. Keys are subject to periodic revision.

This key is intended for actions that may affect the threatened northern long-eared bat.

The purpose of the key for non-Federal actions is to assist determinations as to whether proposed actions are excepted from take prohibitions under the northern long-eared bat 4(d) rule.

If a non-Federal action may cause prohibited take of northern long-eared bats or other ESA-listed animal species, we recommend that you coordinate with the Service.

Determination Key Result

Based upon your IPaC submission, any take of the northern long-eared bat that may occur as a result of the Action is not prohibited under the ESA Section 4(d) rule adopted for this species at 50 CFR §17.40(o).

Qualification Interview

- 1. Is the action authorized, funded, or being carried out by a Federal agency? *No*
- 2. Will your activity purposefully **Take** northern long-eared bats?
- Is the project action area located wholly outside the White-nose Syndrome Zone?
 Automatically answered
 No
- 4. Have you contacted the appropriate agency to determine if your project is near a known hibernaculum or maternity roost tree?

Location information for northern long-eared bat hibernacula is generally kept in state Natural Heritage Inventory databases – the availability of this data varies state-by-state. Many states provide online access to their data, either directly by providing maps or by providing the opportunity to make a data request. In some cases, to protect those resources, access to the information may be limited. A web page with links to state Natural Heritage Inventory databases is available at www.fws.gov/midwest/endangered/mammals/nleb/nhisites.html.

Yes

5. Will the action affect a cave or mine where northern long-eared bats are known to hibernate (i.e., hibernaculum) or could it alter the entrance or the environment (physical or other alteration) of a hibernaculum?

No

6. Will the action involve Tree Removal?

No

Project Questionnaire

If the project includes forest conversion, report the appropriate acreages below. Otherwise, type '0' in questions 1-3.

1. Estimated total acres of forest conversion: 2. If known, estimated acres of forest conversion from April 1 to October 31 0 3. If known, estimated acres of forest conversion from June 1 to July 31 If the project includes timber harvest, report the appropriate acreages below. Otherwise, type '0' in questions 4-6. 4. Estimated total acres of timber harvest 0 5. If known, estimated acres of timber harvest from April 1 to October 31 0 6. If known, estimated acres of timber harvest from June 1 to July 31 0 If the project includes prescribed fire, report the appropriate acreages below. Otherwise, type '0' in questions 7-9. 7. Estimated total acres of prescribed fire 0 8. If known, estimated acres of prescribed fire from April 1 to October 31 0 9. If known, estimated acres of prescribed fire from June 1 to July 31 0

If the project includes new wind turbines, report the megawatts of wind capacity below. Otherwise, type '0' in question 10.

10. What is the estimated wind capacity (in megawatts) of the new turbine(s)? 0



U.S. Army Corps of Engineers
New Hampshire Programmatic General Permit (PGP)
Appendix B - Corps Secondary Impacts Checklist
(for inland wetland/waterway fill projects in New Hampshire)

1. Attach any explanations to this checklist. Lack of information could delay a Corps permit determination.

- 2. All references to "work" include all work associated with the project construction and operation. Work includes filling, clearing, flooding, draining, excavation, dozing, stumping, etc.
- 3. See PGP, GC 5 regarding single and complete projects.
- 4. Contact the Corps at (978) 318-8832 with any questions.

1. Impaired Waters	Yes	No
1.1 Will any work occur within 1 mile upstream in the watershed of an impaired water? See		X
http://des.nh.gov/organization/divisions/water/wmb/section401/impaired waters.htm		
to determine if there is an impaired water in the vicinity of your work area.*		
2. Wetlands	Yes	No
2.1 Are there are streams, brooks, rivers, ponds, or lakes within 200 feet of any proposed work?	X	
2.2 Are there proposed impacts to SAS, shellfish beds, special wetlands and vernal pools (see		X
PGP, GC 26 and Appendix A)? Applicants may obtain information from the NH Department of		
Resources and Economic Development Natural Heritage Bureau (NHB) website,		
www.nhnaturalheritage.org, specifically the book Natural Community Systems of New		
Hampshire.		
2.3 If wetland crossings are proposed, are they adequately designed to maintain hydrology,	X	
sediment transport & wildlife passage?		
2.4 Would the project remove part or all of a riparian buffer? (Riparian buffers are lands adjacent	X	
to streams where vegetation is strongly influenced by the presence of water. They are often thin		
lines of vegetation containing native grasses, flowers, shrubs and/or trees that line the stream		
banks. They are also called vegetated buffer zones.)		
2.5 The overall project site is more than 40 acres.		X
2.6 What is the size of the existing impervious surface area?	2606 s	sq. ft.
2.7 What is the size of the proposed impervious surface area?	2631 s	sq. ft.
2.8 What is the % of the impervious area (new and existing) to the overall project site?	419	%
3. Wildlife	Yes	No
3.1 Has the NHB determined that there are known occurrences of rare species, exemplary natural		X
communities, Federal and State threatened and endangered species and habitat, in the vicinity of		
the proposed project? (All projects require a NHB determination.)		
3.2 Would work occur in any area identified as either "Highest Ranked Habitat in N.H." or	X	
"Highest Ranked Habitat in Ecological Region"? (These areas are colored magenta and green,		
respectively, on NH Fish and Game's map, "2010 Highest Ranked Wildlife Habitat by Ecological		
Condition.") Map information can be found at:		
• PDF: www.wildlife.state.nh.us/Wildlife/Wildlife_Plan/highest_ranking_habitat.htm.		
• Data Mapper: www.granit.unh.edu.		
• GIS: www.granit.unh.edu/data/downloadfreedata/category/databycategory.html.		
3.3 Would the project impact more than 20 acres of an undeveloped land block (upland,		X
wetland/waterway) on the entire project site and/or on an adjoining property(s)?		
3.4 Does the project propose more than a 10-lot residential subdivision, or a commercial or		X
industrial development?		
3.5 Are stream crossings designed in accordance with the PGP, GC 21?	X	

4. Flooding/Floodplain Values	Yes	No
4.1 Is the proposed project within the 100-year floodplain of an adjacent river or stream?		X
4.2 If 4.1 is yes, will compensatory flood storage be provided if the project results in a loss of flood storage?		X
5. Historic/Archaeological Resources		
If a minor or major impact project, has a copy of the Request for Project Review (RPR) Form (www.nh.gov/nhdhr/review) been sent to the NH Division of Historical Resources as required on Page 5 of the PGP?**	X	

^{*}Although this checklist utilizes state information, its submittal to the Corps is a Federal requirement.

** If project is not within Federal jurisdiction, coordination with NH DHR is not required under Federal law.

Project	Monroe 42411	
, , 0,000	171011100 12 122	

Wetland Application – NHDOT Cultural Resources Review

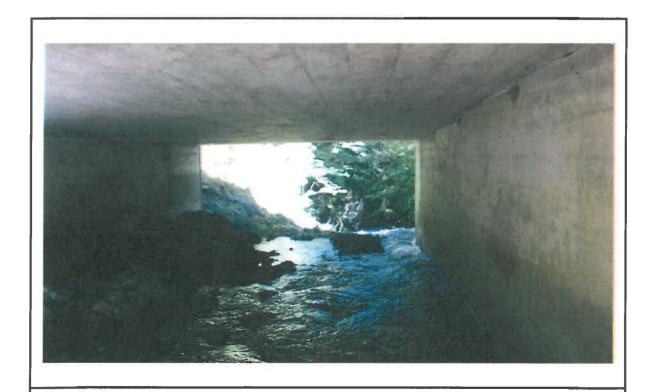
For the purpose of compliance with regulations of the National Historic Preservation Act, the Advisory Council on Historic Preservation's *Procedures for the Protection of Historic Properties* (36 CFR 800), the US Army Corps of Engineers' *Appendix C*, and/or state regulation RSA 227-C:9, *Directive for Cooperation in the Protection of Historic Resources*, the NHDOT Cultural Resources Program has reviewed the proposed project for potential impacts to historic properties.

Proposed Project: NH 135 over Roaring Brook, Extend abutment/bridge at NE quadrant of bridge (125/113) and construct a new wingwall and riprap bank. Associated with Drainage Basin 4.66 sq. miles (Tier 3)

Above Ground Review	
Known/approximate age of structure: Br. 125/113, Concrete Slab Bridg Constructed 1933, widened 9' in 1980 and the railings replaced	e spanning 17',
☑ No Potential to Cause Effect/No Concerns	
Due to the limited nature of the impacts, the actions comply with Appe Potential to Cause Effects:	endix B, Activities with Minimal
Non-historic bridge and culvert maintenance, renovation, or total minor additional right-of-way or easement, including:	replacement, <u>that may require</u>
a. replacement or maintenance of non-historic bridges	
11. Stream and/or slope stabilization and restoration activities (includir obstructing the natural waterway, or any non-invasive action to restore	-
☐ Concerns:	
Below Ground Review	
Recorded Archaeological site: ☐Yes ☒No	
Nearest Recorded Archaeological Site Name & Number: 27-GR-020 ⊠ Pre-Contact ⊠ Post-Contact	9 (no name)
Distance from Project Area: 1.55 miles (2.5 kilometers) southwest of project area	
☑ No Potential to Cause Effect/No Concerns As proposed activities will be confined to areas previously disturbed by maintenance and no new areas of excavation are proposed, there are not proposed. No Potential to Cause Effect/No Concerns As proposed activities will be confined to areas previously disturbed by maintenance and no new areas of excavation are proposed, there are not proposed. No Potential to Cause Effect/No Concerns As proposed activities will be confined to areas previously disturbed by maintenance and no new areas of excavation are proposed. No Potential to Cause Effect/No Concerns As proposed activities will be confined to areas previously disturbed by maintenance and no new areas of excavation are proposed. No Potential to Cause Effect/No Concerns No Potential to Cause Effect/No Concerns	-
☐ Concerns:	
Reviewed by:	
Office Charles July Edel-	1/2/2019
NHDOT Cultural Resources Program Specialist/Archaeologist	Date:



UPSTREAM CHANNEL



LOOKING DOWNSTREAM THROUGH THE STRUCTURE



LOOKING AT THE STRUCTURE FROM SOUTH EAST BANK



LOOKING AT THE STRUCTURE FROM DOWNSTREAM



DOWNSTREAM CHANNEL



NORTHEAST WINGWALL



NORTHWEST BANK



NORTHEAST WINGWALL



NORTHEAST WINGWALL

CONSTRUCTION SEQUENCE

- 1. At normal to low flow the stream will be diverted to one side of the cofferdam.
- 2. The work zone will be dewatered or contained.
- 3. The concrete forming will be constructed and the wingwall will be placed at the northeast quadrant of the bridge.
- 4. Riprap will be placed at the northeast bank.
- 5. All dewatering devices will be removed and the site will be restored to its original quality.

<u>Note</u>: The Project will utilize BMP's from the Best Management Practices manual during all phases of construction.

Env-Wt 404 Criteria for Shoreline Protection

. The rehabilitation of the bridge that carries Rte. 135 over Roaring Brook proposes the placement of stone fill within areas under the jurisdiction of the NH Wetlands Bureau and the US Army Corps of Engineers. The stone fill will be located in the channel and along the bank of the proposed structure as shown on the plans.

Pursuant to PART Wt 404 Criteria for Shoreline Stabilization, the following addresses each codified section of the Administrative Rules:

Wt 404.01 Least Intrusive Method

The riverbank stabilization treatment proposed is the least intrusive construction method necessary to minimize the disruption to the existing shorelines. The stone treatment can be reasonably constructed utilizing general highway construction methods.

Wt 404.02 Diversion of Water

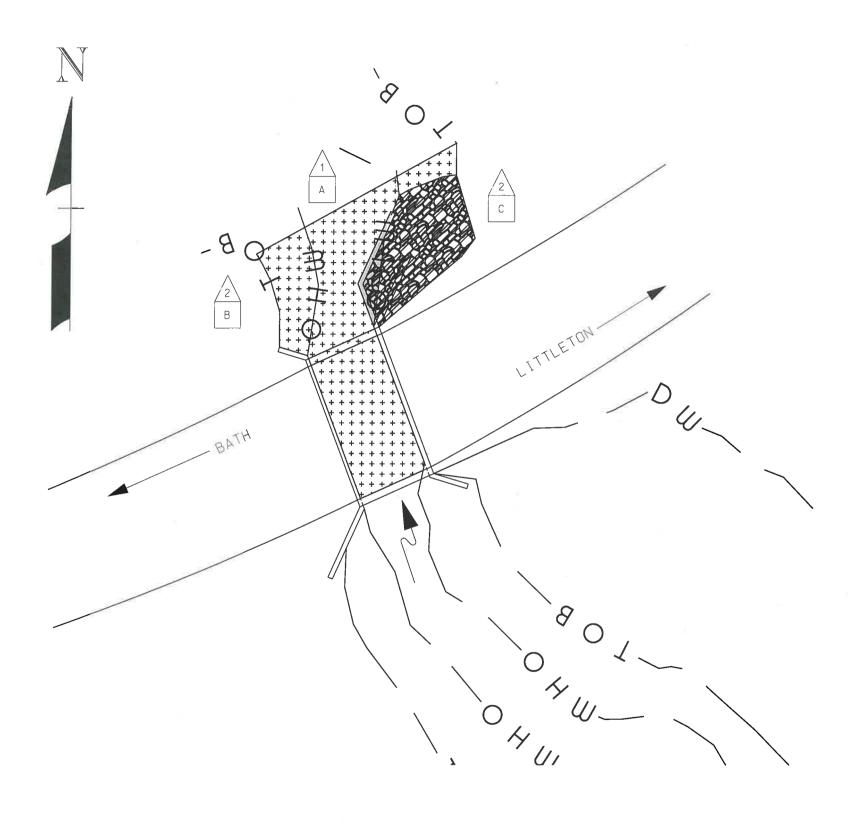
Proposed roadway drainage will allow storm water run-off to be diverted so that it will flow over vegetated areas, insofar as possible, prior to entering Roaring Brook. This will minimize erosion of the shoreline.

Wt 404.03 Vegetative Stabilization

Natural vegetation will be left undisturbed to the maximum extent possible. The only locations being disturbed are the impacted areas on the plan for construction. All newly developed slopes and disturbed areas will have humus and seed applied for turf establishment, which will help stabilize the project area.

Wt 404.04 Rip-Rap

- (a) Stone fill, as proposed, is shown on the attached plans to protect the channel and bank as necessary. Stable embankments are necessary to maintain the structural integrity of the bridge during all flow conditions.
- (b) (1-5) The minimum and maximum stone size, the gradation, cross sections of the stone fill, proposed location, and other details have been provided on the attached plans. Bedding for the stone fill will consist of natural ground excavated to the proposed underside of the stone fill.
- (b) (6) Enclosed are plan sheets to sufficiently indicate the relationship of the project to fixed points of reference, abutting properties, and features of the natural shoreline.
- (b) (7) Stone fill is recommended for the limits shown on the attached plans to protect the banks from erosion during flood flows, from scour during all flows, and slopes greater than 2:1 have difficulty supporting vegetation.
- (c) This project is not located adjacent to a great pond or water body where the state holds fee simple ownership.
- (d) Stone fill is proposed to extend down to and adequately keyed into the channel bottom to prevent possible undermining of the slope.
- (e) The enclosed plan has been stamped by a professional engineer.



WETLAND IMPACTS

SCALE: 1" = 20'-0"

RIPRAP GRADATION

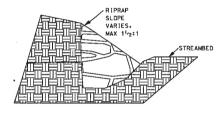
D15 < 16"

D50 < 21"

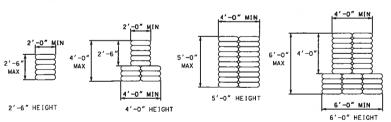
D100 < 36"

RRIPRAP	
NEW HAMPSHIRE WETLANDS BUREAU (PERMANENT NGN-WETLAND)	
NEW HAMPSHIRE WETLANDS BUREAU & ARMY CORP OF ENGINEERS (PERMANENT WETLAND)	
TEMPORARY IMPACTS	+ +





SECTION A-A
NOT TO SCALE



COFFERDAM DETAILS

NOT TO SCALE

WETLANDS DELINEATED BY SARAH LARGE AUGUST 2018

	CTARTON AND THE TAR PROPERTY												
	STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE												
L	DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION * BUREAU OF BRIDGE MAINTENANCE TOWN MONROE BRIDGE NO. 125/113 STATE PROJECT 42411												
TO													
LO	CATION	NH 135 OVER ROARING B	ROOK										
	_	WETLAN	ND IMPACTS	3						BRIDGE SHEET			
	REVI	SIONS AFTER PROPOSAL		BY	DATE			BY	DATE	1 OF 3			
			DESIGNED	DBI	3/13/19	CHEC	KED			FILE NUMBER			
			DRAWN	DBL	3/13/19	CHEC	KED			MONROE			
	<u> </u>		QUANTITIES			CHEC	KED			125/113			
ALE	ISSUE DATE FISCAL YEAR CREW SHEET												
REV. DATE 2019 10 1										3			



Monroe 125/113

					WETLAND IN	MPACT SUM	//ARY		-					
	AREA IMPACTS									LINEAR STREAM IMPACTS FOR MITIGATION				
				PERM	ANENT						PERMANENT			
WETLAND NUMBER	WETLAND CLASSIFICATION	LOCATION		W.B. 'ETLAND)		& A.C.O.E. LAND)	TEMPORARY			BANK LEFT	BANK RIGHT	CHANNEL		
			SF	LF	SF	LF	SF	LF		LF	LF	· LF		
1	R2RB1	A	49	27			844	62				27		
2	BANK	В					202	27						
2	BANK	С			352	24	60	4			24			
		D												
_		E									_			
		F												
-		G												
		Н												
		ı												
		J												
		К												
		L		and the second s						na wate sayar wood	was not an a sure			
						4.			- 1			in anterior		
		TOTAL	49	27	352	24	1106	93		0	24	27		

PERMANENT IMPACTS: TEMPORARY IMPACTS:

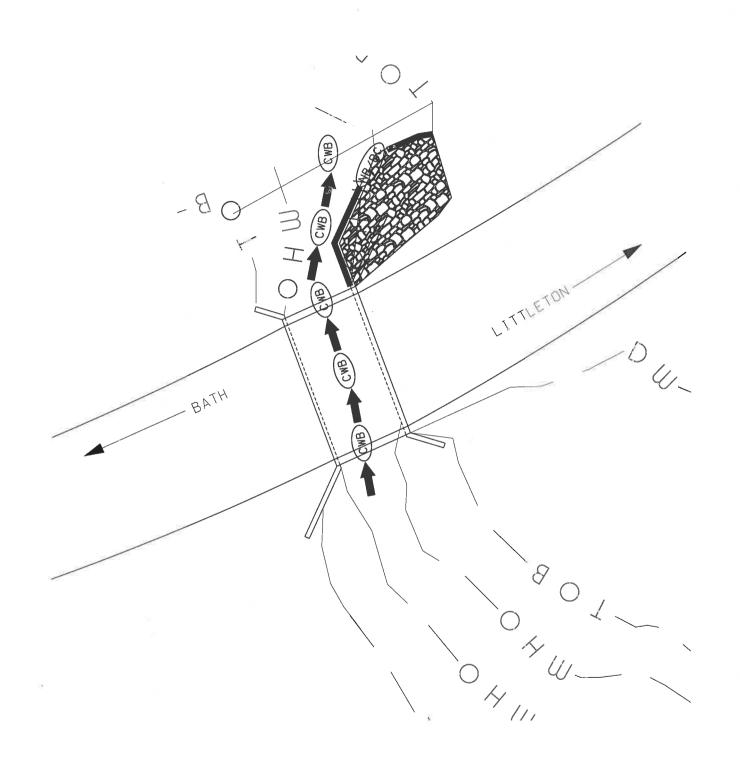
401 SF 1106 SF

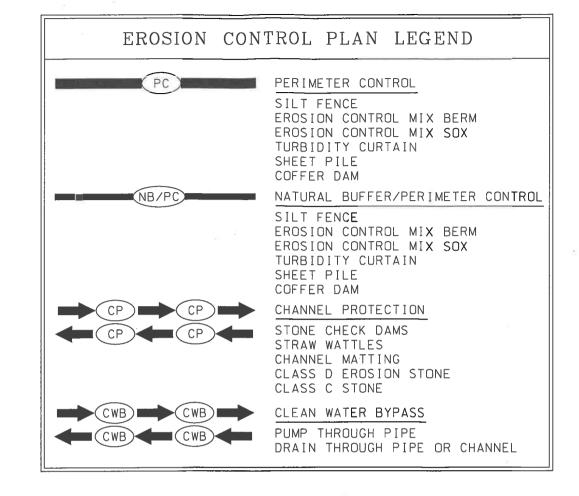
TOTAL IMPACTS:

1507 SF

			PERIV				
	SUBTOTALS		.W.B. /ETLAND)		& A.C.O.E. LAND)	TEMP	ORARY
CLASS	DESCRIPTION	SF	LF	SF	LF	SF	LF
R2RB1	RIVERINE	49	27	0 .	0	844	62
BANK	BANK	0	0	352	24	262	31
		0	0	0	0	0	0
			0	0	0	0	0
			0	0	0	. 0	0

		I	S DEPARTMENT OF		E OF NEV						MAI	NTENA	NCE
	TOW	N	MONROE			BRIDGE	NC	D. 125/	113	STAT	E PRO	JECT 42	411
	LOCA	TION	NH 135 OVER ROARING	BROOK									
			WETLA	ND I	MPACTS	3							BRIDGE SHEET 2 OF 3
		REV	ISIONS AFTER PROPOSAL			B	Y	DATE			BY	DATE	2 OF 3
					DESIGNED	DBI	L	3/13/19	CHEC	KED			FILE NUMBER
					DRAWN	DBI	٣	3/13/19	CHEC	KED			MONROE
	\vdash				QUANTITIES				CHEC	KED			125/113
HEET SCALE	+				ISSUE DATE		Г	FISCAL YE	AR	CREW	SH	EET NO.	TOTAL SHEETS
					REV. DATE		L	2019		10		2	<u> </u>





		STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE											
		DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION * BUREAU OF BRIDGE MAINTENANCE											
	TOWN	OWN MONROE BRIDGE NO. 125/113 STATE PROJECT 42411									1411		
	LOCAT	ION NH 135 OVER ROARING	BROOK										
		EROSIC)N C	ONTROL	PLA	NS					BRIDGE SHEET		
		REVISIONS AFTER PROPOSAL			BY	DATE_			BY	DATE	3 OF 3		
				DESIGNED	DBL	3/13/19	CHEC	KED			FILE NUMBER		
				DRAWN	DBI	3/13/19	CHEC	KED			MONROE		
	+	QUANTITIES CHECKED 125/113											
SHEET SCALE	ISSUE DATE FISCAL YEAR CREW SHEET NO.									TOTAL SHEETS			
AS NOTED				REV. DATE		2019		10		3	3		